Bericht über die Aktivitäten des Museums 2019





Highlights



»Of all the international training courses I've attended, what makes SAWA unique is how its format facilitates open dialogue.«

A participant 2018

Foto Credits: Susan Kamel, Isabel Alvarez, Ahmed Alyassi





Sharjah



SAUA سوا أكاديمية علم المتاحف SAWA MUSEUM ACADEMY

More information: www.goethe.de/ins/ae/en/kul/sup/sma.html



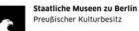
»Leaving SAWA, I feel I've learned so much about the museum culture of Sharjah, Berlin and the wider Middle East. But also about myself and the type of museum practitioner and person I want to be.«

A participant 2018













»I came to SAWA to add theory to my technical knowledge in exhibit development. Truth is, I received a lot more than that.«

Saja Amro, Exhibition Developer at the Science Studio/Quattan Foundation, Ramallah/Palestine and participant 2018

AGYA Humanities Award Federal Ministry of Education and Research OF SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES Freie Universität

AGYA Humanities Award

This Certificate is awarded to

SAWA Museum Academy

for outstanding achievements in promoting the role and value of the humanities in research, education and society.

The award ceremony took place in the framework of the international AGYA conference. The Place of Humanities in Research, Education and Society: An Arab-German Dialogue, 08–10 November 2019 in Berlin.

Berlin, 09 November 2019

Dr. Lena-Maria Möller AGYA Co-President Prof. Dr. Anis Ben Amor AGYA Co-President













Zuwachs



Cassirer Collection: Oriental Carpets

The Cassirer Medallion Ushak
Carpet
Western Turkey, Ushak, 1575–1600
224 x 377 cm, wool pile on a wool
foundation
Cassirer Collection, Berlin, inv. no.

Formerly: Alfred Cassirer Collection, Berlin; Eva Cassirer Collection (on loan to Detroit Institute of Art, 1949–2000, inv. no. F49.22).

Unpublished.

Ref. 23051



Cassirer Collection: Oriental Carpets

The Wendland Palmettes in Leaf Lattice Carpet
Central Iran, Kerman, 1575–1625
266 x 436 cm, shortened in length, wool pile on a cotton and wool foundation
Cassirer Collection, Berlin, inv. no. 1

Formerly: Alfred Cassirer Collection, Berlin, acquired from Wendland [note in Erdmann archive]; Eva Cassirer Collection (on loan to Detroi Institute of Art, 1949–2000, inv. no. T79.1130).

Published: Kühnel, 1930, p. 464 (cited), fig. p. 461 (detail); Erdmann, 1933, p. 8 (cited); Erdmann, 1941, fig. 20; Ellis, 1968, p. 18 (cited); Sheffield, 1976, p. 75 (cited); Philadelphia Museum of Art, 1988, p. 193 (cited).

Exhibited: Berlin, Pergamon Museum, 'Die Cassirer-Teppiche – der Geschmack am Orientteppich', 16 August to 3 November 2002.

Ref. 23060



- Palmettes Ushak Carpet, ehemals Sammlung Cassirer
- Circa 1580
- 178 x 265 cm, Wolle
- Museum of Islamic Art, Doha, inv. no. MIA.2013.195



Sog. Palmett-Ushak

- West Anatolien, 17.
 Jahrhundert
- 147 x 218 cm
- Wolle
- 65.000,00 Euro



Schenkung Otmar Jenner

• 4.900,00 Euro

Kriegsteppich, Afghanistan 1980 er Jahre

1. Grunddaten:

Objekt: Knüpfteppich, Wolle

Herkunft: Afghanistan Datierung: 1980 er Jahre

Maße: 204 x 117 cm



















3

Museum und Gesellschaft



MUSEUM, ISLAM UND GESELLSCHAFT

FELD	LEITUNG	PROJEKTTEAM	Arbeitspakete	Extraaufgaben Leitung
SCHULEN	Kathrin Allmann	- Kathrin Allmann - Hussam Z. Muhammad - Diversity Coach (WV)	- Entwicklung Pilotprojekte - Entwicklung 2. Projektteam	Partnersuche (Georg Eckert I., Schulbuchverlag) Bundesweit Lobby (BKMK)
JUGEND-FE	Hilal Sezgin	- Hilal Sezgin - Hussam Z. Muhammad - Diversity Coach (WV)	Pilotprojekt Rückbindung Jugend im Museum	- Fortführung Survey neuer Felder
TAMMAM II	Roman Singendonk	- (1,5 Mitarbeiter über BMWF / FMIK)	Vermittlung bundesweit Materialerweiterung	- Sammeln aller Materialien - Partnersuche (BZPB, Partner BKM Liste etc.)
KOORDINATION UND VERBREITUNG	Projektmanager	- Springer - Cornelia Weber	Bedarfe ermitteln Verteiler und Bewerbung Rückbindung der Projekte	Bundesweite Vermitl. Politische Arbeit Report / Aussendarstel. Modulerweiterung für Partner
TÜRKISCHES PROGRAMM	Deniz Erduman	- Deniz Erduman - Roman Singendonk	 Partner suchen Bedarfe ermitteln Material- Formatentwicklung 	- Kontext mit Margaret Shortle
INFOPORTAL ISLAM	Roman Singendonk	- Conny Weber - Margaret Shortle	Survey Bedarf Entwicklung Bildungsportal	- Synergieabgleich Medienprogramm BKM, Museum 4.0 / Jameel 2
MULTAKA ARABISCHES PROGRAMM	Salma Jreige	- Salma Jreige - Nushin Atmaca?	 Partner suchen Bedarfe ermitteln Material- Formatentwicklung 	- Zusammenstellung Kernteam Multaka



Entwurf App Icon





TAMAM

Für das App Icon schlagen wir eine abstrahierte Version des TAMAM-Logos vor, das auch in kleiner Größe auf einem Smartphone Home Screen schnell erkennbar ist. Das Schriftzeichen "Ta" wird in seiner isolierten Form zum Symbol für die App. Gleichzeitig ähnelt es einem lachenden Gesicht und wirkt dadurch offen, freundlich und lädt zur Interaktion ein. Blaue oder weiße Version möglich.

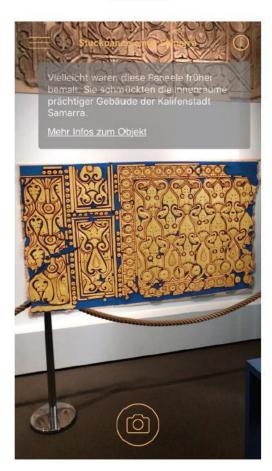


Einbettung in Homescreen

Frage AR Infotext







Frage

AR

Infotext

Schattentheater-Figur

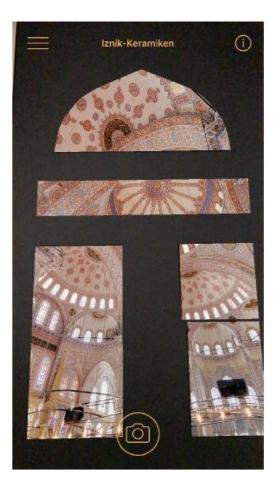






Animation: Schattenspielfigur wird "zum Leben erweckt".







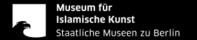


Kulturerbe





- Partnerships
- Projects







DIGITALISIERUNG

Das SYRHER-Projekt beteiligt sich an den internationalen Bemühungen zur Installation eines methodischen Ansatzes.



SYRISCHE KULTURLANDSCHAFTEN

Einen Überblick über die vom Projekt zur Archivierung des syrischen Erbes bearbeiteten Bestände.



NETZWERK

Seit seinem Beginn im Jahr 2013, wird das Projekt zur Erstellung digitaler Kulturgüterregister kompetent unterstützt.

WEITERLESEN WEITERLESEN WEITERLESEN



ALEPPO

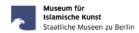
- oldest living city in the world
- major heritage site of the Mediterranean
- 35.000 pictures and documents before the war
- 13 specialists in Berlin, Aleppo and beyond, international network

- damage assessment and cataloguing of historical buildings
- memory and intangible heritage, social media
- training, developing practical material



Supported by







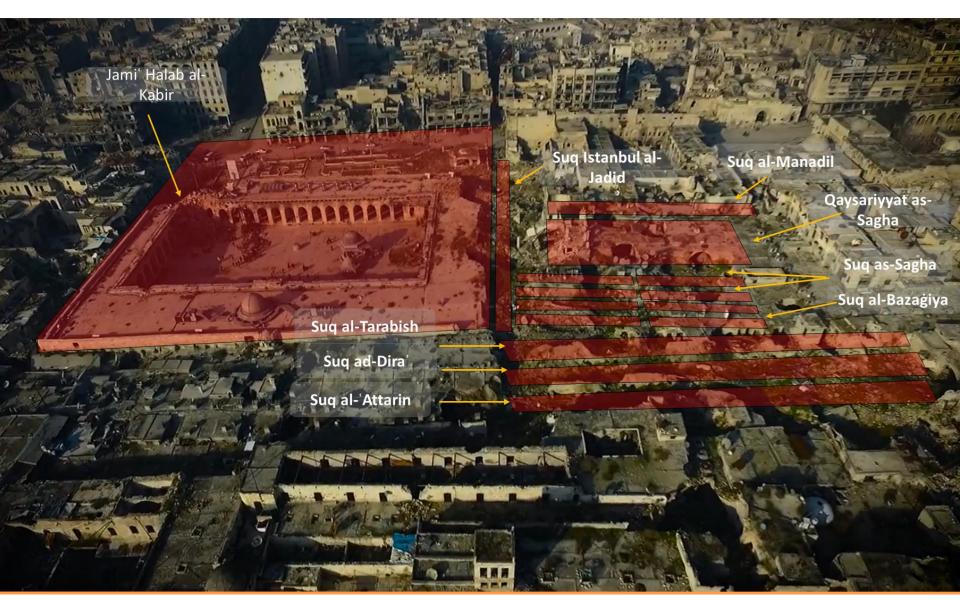






DAMAGE ASSESSMENT - CATALOGUING - MEMORY **Aleppo Project**

Aleppo, central *sug*s mapping of damaged buildings











Supported by

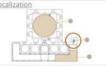




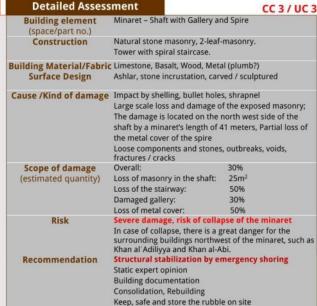
Jami' al-'Adiliyya

Date of Report 2019-06-25

Report made by A. Haddad, I. Ballouz, R. Alafandi, Y. Rieffel (consultant) Rapid Damage Assessment

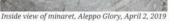








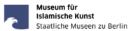
Aleppo lens, June 2014





Danger area in case of the minaret collapse, Syrian Heritage Archive Project 2019







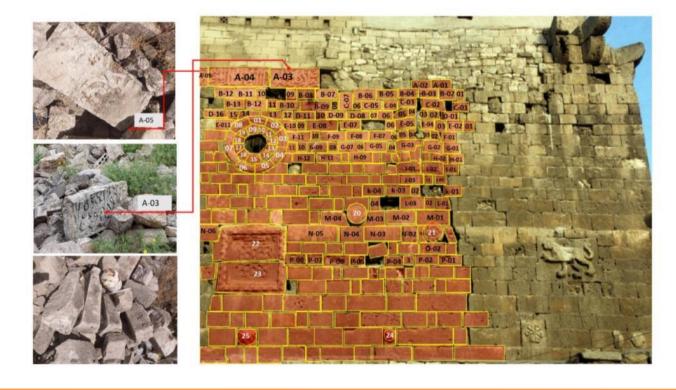






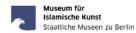
DAMAGE ASSESSMENT - CATALOGUING -**MEMORY Aleppo Project**





Supported by









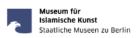






Khan al-Jalabi / Andre Yacoubian



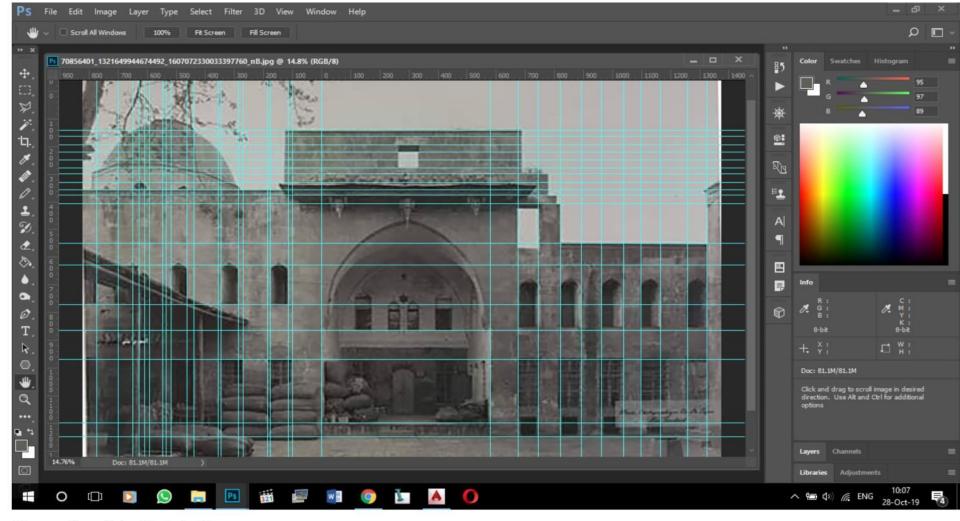






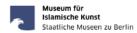






Max von Oppenheim Photo Archive



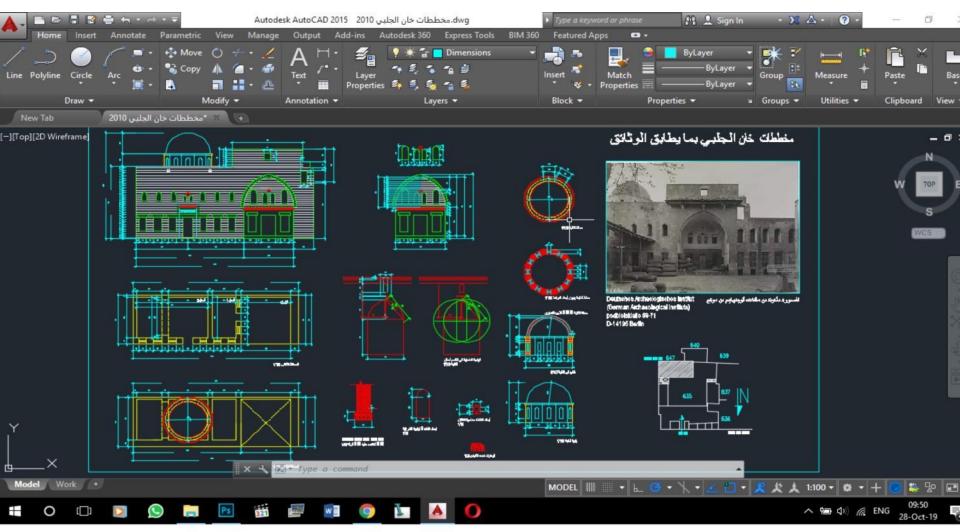












Photogrammetry / Autocad files for reconstruction permit

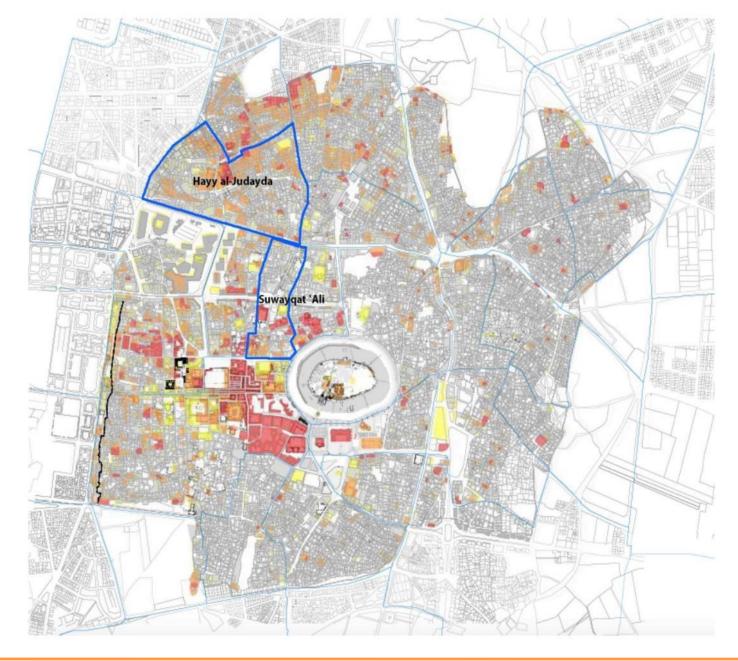




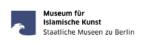




























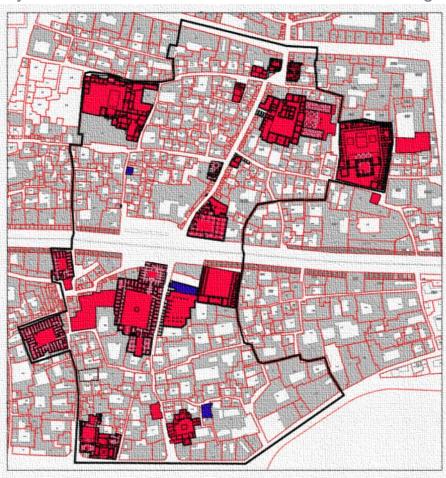


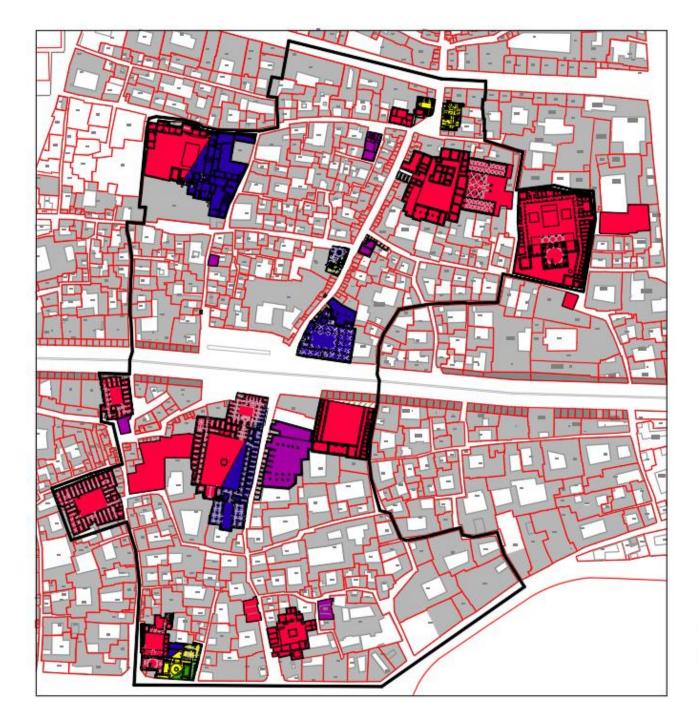




Aleppo's Neighborhoods Documentation (Suwayqet Ali Area Pilot Project)

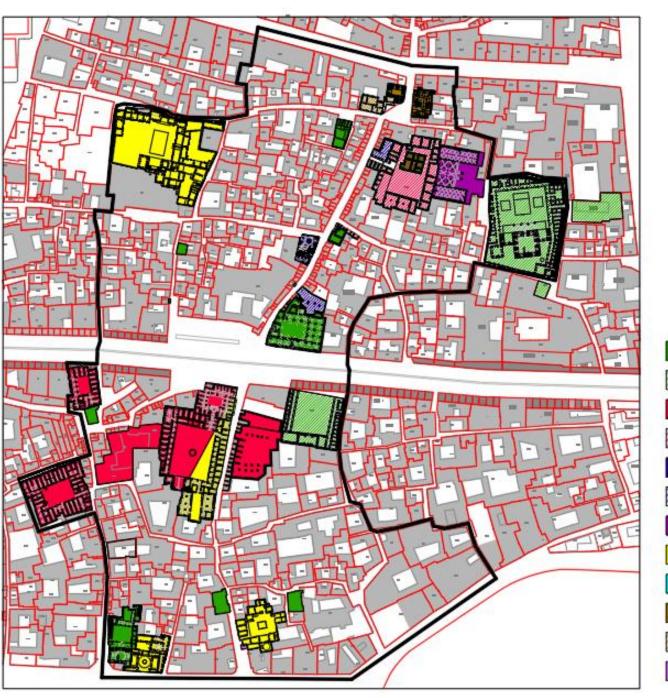
Analysis of the Monuments and Historic Public Buildings





Historic Period





Building Types



Mosque



Madrasa



Khan



Qaysariyya



Public Bath



Coffee House



Soap Factory



Residence



Public Fountain



CityGate



Police Station



Tomb



Current Function, prior to 2011

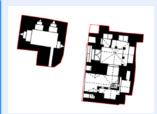


Not Confirmed

		Bab Al-Nasr								
A	Location, o	Location, cadastral and technical references								
	Area	Working Zone	Parcel no	Gaube Index No.	Plot Area	Ground Floor Area				
	7	A 4-1	1583, 1584, 3817	277	m2	m2				
	Main inforr	Main information								
	Date	Original Function	Current Function	Historic Value	Physical Condition					
	Ayyubid (1212)	Gate	Vacant	Monument	Moderately	Damaged				
3	History	History								
	It was orig quarter an and subse	Bab al-Nasr (Victory Gate) is one of the five remaining gates of the walled city. It was originally called Bab al-Yahud because of its location next to the Jewish quarter and cemetery. It was rebuilt and renamed by al-Zahir Ghazi in 1212 and subsequently became the city's most important northern gate. It was protected by two saints, al-Khedr and Abu al-Abbas.								
;	Architectur	Architectural Description								
	The original gate seems to have had a simple form and to have allowed									
			city - this was made more difficult because of the Ayyubid							
		reconstruction. The Ayyubid gate consists of two towers: the western towers and the contains a management through the contains a way that consider and the								
		contains a mosque; through the eastern tower, a vaulted corridor and three successive doorways create a double-bent axis. This double-bent axis gives								
		the gate its military strength while reducing its practicality.								
)	Modification	Modifications								
	demolishe	In the 1890s, during the Ottoman period, the wall between the two towers was demolished to open the gate to traffic as al-Khandaq Street (a former moat) was transformed into a main thoroughfare.								
===	Damage a	Damage assessment								

Bab Al-Nasr

Plans



Photos



- Available References
 - Tabbaa, Yasser, 1997, Constructions of Power and Piety in Medieval Aleppo, The Pennsylvania State University Press, pp. 20-21.
 - Talas, M. A. 1956. Al-Athar al-Islamiyya wa al-Tarikhiyya fi Halab. [The historical and Islamic heritage of Aleppo]. Damascus, The Ministry of Culture Publications. (In Arabic.)